

# INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Weighing Indicator



WM: PD4000173C



This is a hazard alert mark.



This mark informs you about the operation of the product.

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## 1. Compliance

### 1.1.1. Compliance with FCC Rules

Please note that this equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy. This equipment has been tested and has been found to comply with the limits of a Class A computing device pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC rules. These rules are designed to provide reasonable protection against interference when this equipment is operated in a commercial environment. If this unit is operated in a residential area it may cause some interference and under these circumstances the user would be required to take, at his own expense, whatever measures are necessary to eliminate the interference.

(FCC = Federal Communications Commission in the U.S.A.)

### 1.1.2. Compliance with European Directive

This appliance complies with the statutory EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility) directive 89/336/EEC and the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC for safety of electrical equipment designed for certain voltages.

Note: The displayed value may be adversely affected under extreme electromagnetic influences.



### 2. Introduction

- □ The AD-4329 is a compact weighing indicator that amplifies the signal from a load cell, converts it to digital data and displays it as a mass value.
- This indicator has the following performance:

Maximum display: ...... 10000 divisions (or 20000 divisions).

Refresh rate of the display: ...... 10 times/second approximately.

Input voltage range: .....-1 mV  $\sim$  +15 mV.

- There are the following standard functions:
  - The upper/lower limit comparison to check a mass value.
  - The setpoint comparison for batching applications.
  - The accumulation function to totalize these mass values and to count the number of accumulations.
- There are the following standard interfaces:
  - The standard serial output for a printer.
  - The RS-232C serial interface to communicate with a computer.

This interface can request weighing data, enter parameters and control the state of the indicator.

- The calibration function includes the following functions:
  - Setting of the minimum division (weighing interval) and the maximum capacity.
  - Zero and span calibration.
  - □ The weighing range function of the multi-interval weighing instrument (scale).
  - Digital linearization function.
  - Gravity compensation function.
- There are seven external input terminals controlled by the F function.
- □ The option OP-02 has three output relays are used for the upper/lower limit comparison and setpoint comparison.



### 3. Installation and Precautions

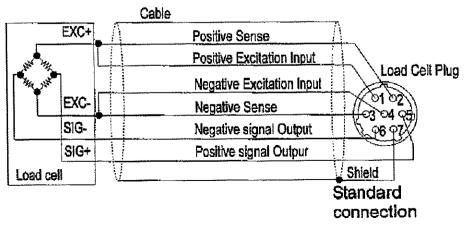
#### 3.1.1. Installation and Precautions

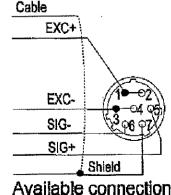
- The AD-4329 weighing indicator is a precision electronic instrument. Handle the indicator carefully.
- □ The operating temperature is -10°C to +40°C (14°F to 104°F).
- Do not install the scale in direct sunlight.
- Misoperation or other problems may be caused by an unstable power source including momentary power failrue or instantaneous noise. Use a stable power source.
- ▲ □ Do not connect the power cord before the installation is finished.
- Please confirm that the local voltage and receptacle type are correct for your scale.

  The Operate/Standby key ( key) can not cut the power. The load cell and the internal circuit are supplied with power in the standby state.
  - Use shielded cable for all connections. Connect the cable shields to the shield terminal or case as an earth terminal.
  - Earth ground the indicator. Do not join the earth ground line with other electric power equipment. There is an earth ground terminal at the power cord receptacle.
  - Do not install the scale in a place where it is apt to be charged with static electricity, or where the relative humidity is lower than 45%RH. Plastic and isolators are apt to be charged with static electricity.

### 3.1.2. The Load Cell Connections

- Connect the load cell wires to the connector (receptacle), at the rear panel, using the accessory load cell plug.
- u It is possible to connect a 4 wire cable that 1 pin-2 pin and 3 pin-4 pin are shorted, if the distance between the indicator and a load cell is shorter than 5 m.
- The output voltage of a load cell is a very sensitive signal. Space the load cell cable away from any noise source.
- □ It is possible to connect eight 350Ω load cells. The load cell drive is 5VDC  $\pm$  5% between EXC+ and EXC-, the maximum current 120mA.





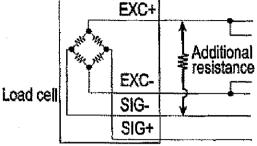
Available connection for a cable shorter than 5m.

3. Installation and Precaution

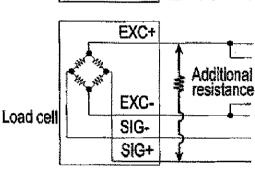
### 3.1.3. Adjustment of the Load Cell Output

Caution □ Use a metal film resistor in the range of 50kΩ to 500kΩ with a good temperature coefficient, when adding a resistor to adjust a load cell output. Use as a large resistance value as possible in the range in which zero adjustment is possible. Solder this resistor at a point near the load cell or the indicator.

In Case of Reducing the Output Voltage
When the zero output is too large, add a resistor
between EXC+ and SIG-.



In Case of Adding an Offset Voltage to the Output When the zero output is too small, add a resistor between EXC+ and SIG+.



### 3.1.4. Verifying Load Cell Output and Input Sensitivity

The input sensitivity of the indicator is  $0.2\mu V/division$  or more. Adapt to the following inequality, when you design a weighing instrument using the indicator and load cell(s).

Caution 

A change in input voltage sensitivity is equivalent to a one division change of the display. Select as large an input voltage sensitivity voltage as possible so that the weighing interval becomes stable.

Consider the leverage if a lever is used.

Weighing instrument using one load cell.	$0.2 \le \frac{E*B*D}{A}$	A: Rated capacity of load ceil [kg] B: Rated output [mV/V]
Weighing instrument using multi-load cell	$0.2 \le \frac{E*B*D}{A*N}$	D:Weighing interval [kg] E:Excitation voltage [mV] N:Number of load cells

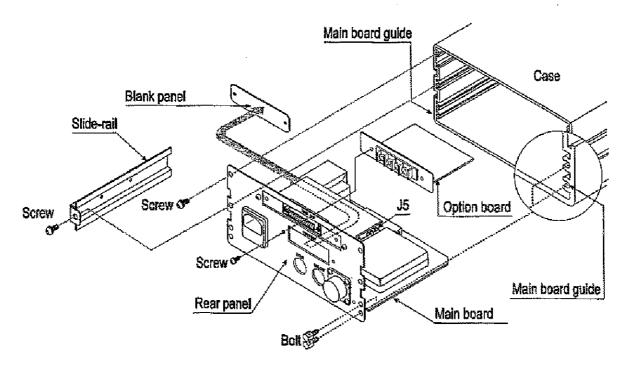
Verification Example

Design:		
Load cell	N=1	
Rated capacity	A=750 [kg]	$\frac{5000*3*0.05}{750} = 1 \ge 0.2$ . Therefore,
Rated output	B=3 [mV/V]	750 = 1≥0.2. Therefore,
Excitation voltage	E=5000 [mV]	regard the instrument as a good design.
Weighing interval	D=0.05 [kg]	
Weighing capacity	300 [kg]	

### Caution Do not remove screws without the following steps.

This is a procedure for the relay output board (OP-02).

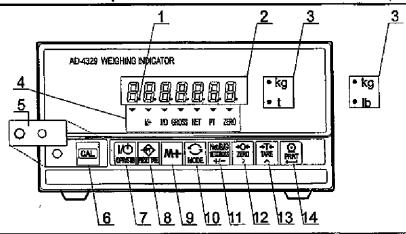
- Step 1 Remove the power cord and other cables from the indicator.
- Step 2 Remove four screws and four bolts from the rear panel.
- Step 3 Remove two slide-rails, one on each sides.
- Step 4 Pull the rear panel and main board from the case. Then the connector between the main board and the display board may be disconnected smoothly.
- Step 5 Remove two screws and the small blank panel from the rear panel.
- Step 6 Attach the option board using two screws.
- Step 7 Connect the option cable connector to J5 on the main board.
- Step 8 Insert the main board into the both main board guides and insert it as before. Then the connector between the main board and the display board is re-connected. If the rear panel will not close completely, retry step 8 to insert the main board correctly.
- Step 9 Attach both slide-rails. Fix the rear panel using four screws and four bolts as before.





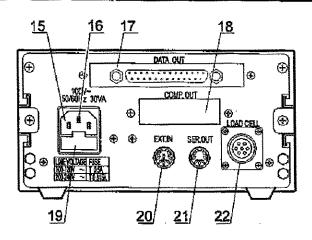
## 4. Description of Panels and symbols

### 4.1.1. Front Panel Description



No.	Name	Description		
4	Ctandby indicator	The indicator lights at the standby state. This state means		
1	Standby indicator	connecting the power cord and turning the display off.		
2	Data display	Weighing data is displayed.		
3	Weighing unit	A unit selected in the CF functions.		
		The		
		M+ It lights when there is accumulation data.		
		It is blinking when displaying accumulation data.		
		MD The motion detection mark.		
4	State indicator	It lights when motion is detected.		
4	State Indicator	it turns off while data is stabilized.		
	,	GROSS It lights when displaying gross data.		
		NET It lights when displaying net data.		
•		PT It lights while entering a preset tare parameter.		
		ZERO It lights when displaying zero.		
5	CAL cover	Calibration protection cover.		
	CAL kov	Calibration key. The key to adjust the scale so that mass		
6	CAL key	value is displayed correctly and to enter the CF functions.		
7	Operate/Standby key	The key to turn the display on or off.		
8	Preset tare key	The key to enter preset tare setting mode.		
9	M+ (Accumulation) key	The key for the accumulation function.		
9		Refer to "8. Accumulation", CF11, F4 and F5.		
10	Mode key	The key for the accumulation function and calibration.		
10		The key to select a unit of lb or kg.		
11	Net/Gross key	The key to select net or gross.		
1 1	+/- key	The key to set the polarity of data while in the setting mode.		
12	Zero key	The key to zero a current display.		
12	> key	The key to select a figure while in the setting mode.		
13	Tare key	The key to perform tare.		
	∧ key	The key to select a value while in the setting mode.		
4.6	Print key	The key to output data.		
14	Enter key, ← key	The key to store current data while in the setting mode.		

### 4.1.2. Rear Panel Description



No.	Name	Description
15 Power connector Please Confirm th		Use accessory power cord.  Please Confirm that the local voltage and receptacle type are correct for your scale.
16	Grounding terminal	
17	RS-232C interface	Refer to "12. RS-232C Interface" for the detail.
18	Blank panel Option space ( for relay output).	
19	9 Fuse holder Use 0.5A time lag fuse for AC100V to AC120V. Use 0.315A time lag fuse for AC200V to AC240V.	
20	Seven control inputs selected function by the E function	
21	Printer port. Refer to "11. Standard Serial Output" for details.	
22	Load cell connector	Connect accessory load cell plug.

### 4.1.3. Other Displays and Symbols

	Standby display.
	Zero error when turning display on. If the MODE key is pressed, a current weighing value may be displayed.
Blank Decimal point	Over load display. Remove any load from the load cell immediately. It may cause damage to the indicator.
Err 12	Example of an error display.

### 4.1.4. Accessories and Option OP-02

	Instruction manual	1	
	Load cell plug	1	JM-NJC-207-PF
	Power cord	(1)	·
A	7pin Din connector	1	JA-TCP0576
Accessories	8pin Din connector	1	JA-TCP0586
	0.5A or 0.315A time lag fuse	1	FS-EAWK-500MA
			FS-EAWK-315MA
	Rubber foot	4	10-SJ-5023

#### Caution

Please Confirm that the receptacle type and local voltage is correct for your indicator (scale).

Comparator relay output	OP-02	AD4329-02
Accessory	Cable	1



## 5. Calibration

This weighing indicator, converts an input voltage from a load cell to the "mass" value, and displays it. Calibration is the adjustment function so that the scale (indicator) can weigh correctly.

#### 5.1.1. Items of Calibration Mode

There are seven items in the calibration function.

Ph	_ * _		
ИÞ	sic	Ita	me
	316		

The minimum division...... Setting the weighing interval.

The maximum capacity...... Setting the maximum display.

Zero calibration ...... When unloading any weight on the weighing unit

(there is nothing on the weighing pan), this function performs adjustment so as to display the zero point mark. Select an adjustment method from the

"weighing input" or "digital input".

Comment This function is the fundamental starting point to

weigh anything, and influences the performance of

scale (indicator).

Span calibration ...... The function to measure an input voltage variation

by loading to the weighing unit correctly. Select an adjustment method from the "weighing arbitrary mass", "weighing capacity mass" or "digital input".

Optional Items (Sub-functions)

Range function ....... The function for a multi-interval scale. Select "dual

range scale" or "triple range scale". Each range has

parameters of "weighing range" and "division"

Digital linearization function ....... The function to revise a linearity deviation using

weighing points. (up to three weighing points)

Gravity compensation function... The function to revise weighing error between the

calibration location and another weighing location

using gravity acceleration.

Caution • The maximum display is less than or equal to 10000 divisions. This number is calculated from the maximum capacity divided by the minimum division.

- Check the accuracy of weighing Instrument periodically.
- Recommended mass, use a mass heavier than 2/3 maximum capacity.

- Calibrate the scale, if it is moved to another location or the environment has changed.
- It is not necessary to set the gravity acceleration correction, when calibrating the scale with a calibration mass at the place where the scale is used.
- □ Enter the stable weighing data while the MD mark is turned off. If unstable data is used, it may cause a weighing error. Arrange the condition using the F00 filter function.
- The span calibration needs the zero calibration data. We recommend that you perform the span calibration immediately after the zero calibration.
- Perform the digital linearization function immediately after the zero calibration. And perform the span calibration continuously.
- Select a decimal point and weighing unit at the CF function CF00, CF 01.
- If you use the dual or triple range function of the multi-interval scale, perform the "Range Function", "Zero Calibration" and "Span Calibration".

### 5.2. Calibration Procedure

#### 5.2.1. The Whole Procedure

#### Essential Items

Step A Preparation for calibration.

Step B Minimum division.

Step C Maximum capacity.

Step E Zero calibration.

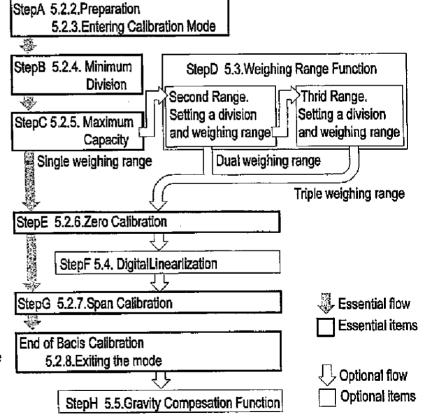
Step G Span calibration

### **Optional Items**

Step D Weighing range function. Perform this function just before zero calibration and span calibration.

Digital linearization function. Step F Perform this function after the zero calibration immediately. And perform the span calibration continuously.

Step H Gravity compensation function. Perform this function after span calibration.



#### 5.2.2. Preparation

- Keep the following conditions to calibrate the scale (indicator) correctly. Step 1
  - Maintain a constant temperature, stable power and stable input voltage from the load cell.
  - Avoid direct sunshine and in the neighborhood of an air conditioner.
  - Do not install the scale (indicator) where there is a strong magnetic field.
- Step 2 Turn the display on during 10 minutes.

#### **Entering the Calibration Mode** 5.2.3.

Press the CAL key in the normal weighing mode. The | LRL in | is displayed for Step 3 two seconds when entering the calibration mode.

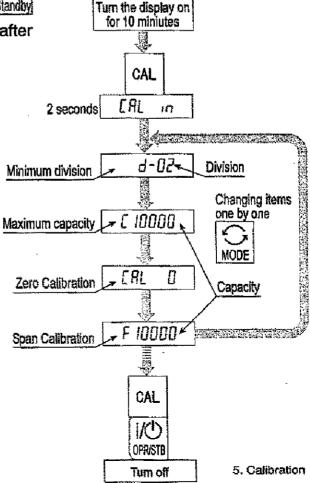
MODE key .... Parameters are not revised and the next item is displayed.

CAL key ...... Parameters are stored in the indicator and  $\mid \mathcal{E}_{nd} \mid$  is displayed. Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off.

Press and hold the NET/GROSS key and press the CAL key

......All parameters are not changed and the calibration mode is finished. Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off after

displaying [AnleL].



### 5.2.4. Minimum Division (Weighing Interval)

Step 4 Check the  $d^-xx$  display. The xx is minimum division (01, 02, 05, 10, 20, 50).

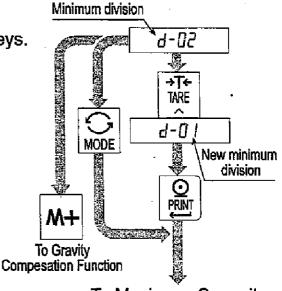
Step 5 Select a minimum division using the following keys.

Λ key... The key to select a parameter.

key... The key to store a parameter and proceed to step 6.

MODE key..The key not to change a parameter and proceed to step 6.

M+ key ..... The key to proceed to "5.5. Gravity Compensation Function".



To Maximum Capacity

### 5.2.5. Maximum Capacity

Step 6 Check the [[xxxx] display. The xxxx is current capacity. Select a new maximum capacity using the following keys.

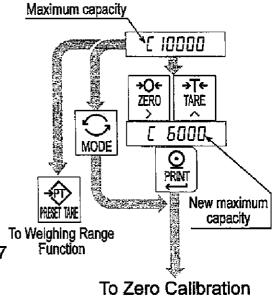
> key...... The key to select a figure.

\text{\text{ key .......... The key to select a number.}}

key..... The key to store a parameter and proceed to step 7 (of the zero calibration).

MODE key ...... The key not to change a parameter and proceed to step 7 (of the zero calibration).

PRESETTARE key.....The key to porceed to "5.3. Weighing Range Function".



Step 7 Check the [FRL 1] display.

Select a zero calibration method to adjust the zero point

Weighing input (Normal way)	The adjustment method with nothing on the weighing unit.	To step 8
Digital input	The numerical input to enter a load cell output voltage.	To step 9

Weighing Input

Step 8 Place nothing on the weighing unit. Press the \_\_\_ key after the MD mark has turned off. Proceed to step10.

MODE key......The key not to change the zero point data and proceed to step 10.

Caution Do not press the \_\_\_\_ key while the MD mark is lit (detecting motion). Arrange the condition using the F00 filter function.

#### Digital Input

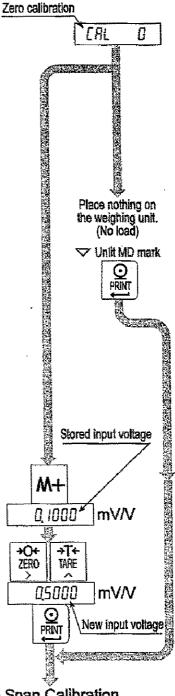
Step 9 Pressing the M+ key, a stored input voltage parameter of the zero point is displayed in the unit of mV/V. Adjust the input voltage using the following keys.

key.....The key to select a figure.

key....The key to select a number.

key.....The key to store the zero point parameter and proceed to step 10.

MODE key..The key not to change parameter and proceed to step 10.



### 5.2.7. Span Calibration

Step10 Check the  $\boxed{Fxxx}$  display. The xxxx is a capacity.

Select a span calibration method to adjust the capacity.

Weighing a mass except the maximum capacity	The method to weigh a mass except the maximum capacity.	To step 11
Weighing maximum capacity	The method to weigh a mass equivalent to the maximum capacity.	To step 14
Digital input	The numerical input to enter a load cell output voltage.	To step 16

Weighing a Mass except the Maximum Capacity

Step11 Set a mass value using the follwing keys.

> key.....Key to select a figure.

key.....Key to select a number.

Step12 Place a mass equivalent to displayed value on the weighing unit.

Step13 Press the key after the MD mark turns off. Proceed to step 17.

MODE key.....The key not to change span data and proceed to step17.

Caution Do not press the — key while the MD mark is iit (detecting motion). Arrange the condition using the F00 filter function.

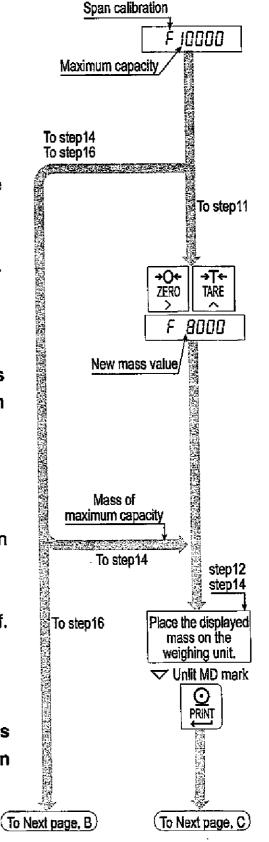
### **Weighing Capacity Mass**

Step14 Place a mass equivalent to the maximum capacity on weighing unit.

Step15 Press the  $\[ \leftarrow \]$  key after the MD mark turns off. Proceed to step 17.

MODE key.....The key not to change span data and proceed to step 17.

Caution Do not press the — key while the MD mark is lit (detecting motion). Arrange the condition using the F00 filter function.



#### Digital Input

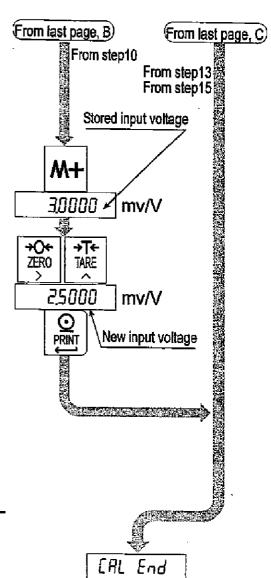
Step16 Pressing the M+ key, a stored input voltage parameter of the span is displayed in the unit of mV/V. Adjust the input voltage using the following keys.

> key.....The key to select a figure.

 $\Lambda$  key.....The key to select a number.

key.....The key to store the span parameter and proceed to step 17.

MODE key..The key not to change parameter and proceed to step 17.



CAL

Turn display off

End

### 5.2.8. Exiting the Calibration Mode

Step17 Check the [FRL End] display.

Use the following keys.

CAL key ..... Parameters are stored in the indicator and End is displayed. Proceed to step 18.

MODE key .. The key to memorize parameters temporarily. Proceed to the "Minimum Division Selection".

Press and hold the NET/GROSS key and press the CAL key
All parameters are not changed,

[Racel is displayed and the calibration mode is finished.

Step18 Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off.



### 5.3. Weighing Range Function

The weighing range function can select "single range", "dual range" and "triple range". Specify each weighing interval (division) for the multi-interval instrument. Each weighing interval is displayed according to a net value or gross value.

Caution u Using a single range, it is not necessary to perform this function.

Perform the zero and span calibration after this function.

#### Example 1

The gross display.

Specified parameters:

First range

Range = 20.00kg, division 0.01kg

Second range

Range = 50.00kg, division 0.02kg

Third range

Range = 100.00kg (maximum capacity), division 0.1kg

Display

0kg to 20kg:

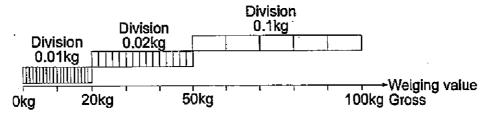
The first range, division 0.01kg.

20kg to 50kg:

The second range, division 0.02kg.

50kg to 100kg:

The third range, division 0.1kg.



### Example 2 The net display using a 40kg tare value.

Specified parameters:

The same parameters as example 1.

#### Display

-40kg to -20kg:

The second range, division 0.02kg.

-20kg to 20kg:

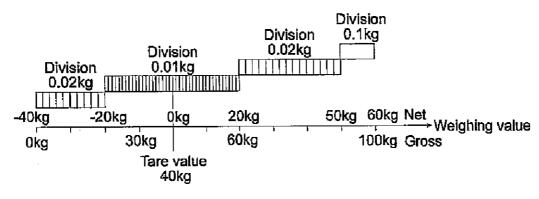
The first range, division 0.01kg.

20kg to 50kg:

The second range, division 0.02kg.

50kg to 60kg:

The third range, division 0.1kg.



#### 5.3.1. Setting Division and Range

Consider the following rules to design the weighing range.

Rule 1 Select the division and range of each weighing range so as to fit the following inequality.

The first range < the second range < the third range

The division of next weighing range is automatically set bigger than division of lower weighing range. And the division can change.

Rule 2 When setting the dual range, the upper limit value of the second range becomes the maximum capacity.

When setting the triple weighing range, the upper limit value of the third range becomes the maximum capacity.

Rule 3 Select a resolution smaller than 10000. The resolution is a value divided the maximum capacity by the minimum division of the first range.

Mark to indicate the weighing range while this setting

mark	First range	Second range	Third range
Net			ON
Gross	OFF		

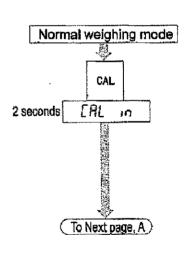
#### **Procedure**

Step 1 Press the CAL key to enter the calibration mode.

Then EffL in is displayed for two seconds.

MODE key.....The parameters are not revised and the next 2 seconds item is displayed.

CAL key ...... Parameters are stored in the indicator and End is displayed. Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off.



Press and hold the NET/GROSS key and press the CAL key

All parameters are not changed and the

calibration mode is finished. Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off after

displaying [Fn[EL] .

Setting Step 2	First Weighing Range Select the minimum division of the first range when displaying d-xx. The xx is division.  A keyThe key to select the division.  WeyThe key to store the new division and proceed to step 3.  MODE keyThe key not to change division and proceed to step 3.	d-02  d-02  new division  A-0    MODE  Description  A-0    PRINT  First range
Step 3	Specify the range of the first range.  keyThe key to select a figure.  keyThe key to store the first range and proceed to step4.  keyThe key to store the value as the maximum capacity for the single range and proceed to step 10.  MODE keyThe key not to change the parameter and proceed to step 10.	Single range  Dual range  Trile range  To next page, B
Setting	g Second Range	
	The ▼ mark is displayed at net. Select a way.	
Case 1	If keeping the current second division, wait for	PRESET TABLE
	displaying [xxxx] and proceed to step5. The	50- <u>5</u> 9R2
	xxxx is the range.	→T←
Case 2	If changing the second division, press the \[ \Lambda \] key	TARE New division
	while displaying $\lfloor \mathcal{ERP2} - xx \rfloor$ . The xx is division.	2 seconds [RP2=05*
	keyThe key to select the division.	PRINT Second range
	keyThe key to store the new division and	
	proceed to step 5.	<u> </u>
	MODE keyThe key not to change the division and	1705    715
	proceed to step 5.	ZERO TARE new range
o	<b>.</b>	( <u>3</u> 000×
Step 5	Specify the range of the second range.	
	> keyThe key to select a figure.	To next page, C

↑ key.....The key to select a number.

From last page, A

Step 6	Specify the weighing range.	From las	t page, C
	MODE keyThe key to use a single weighing	Single range	Dual range
	range and proceed to step 10.		
	keyThe key to store a value as dual		
	range and proceed to step 10.		Triple range
	PRESETTABLE keyThe key to store the second range		Triple range
	and proceed to step 7.		
	·		
Setting	Third Range		
Step 7	The <b>▼</b> mark is displayed at net and gross.	4	
	Select a way.	MEST	TWE
Case 1	If keeping the current third division, wait for		<u>]- 10                                   </u>
	displaying [[xxxx]] and proceed to step 8.	<b>→</b>	
	The xxxx is the range.	TA	
Case 2	If changing the third division, press the  key		3-20
	while displaying $[RP3-xx]$ . The xx is division.	l C	Third range
	keyThe key to select the division.	EII	<u></u>
	keyThe key to store the new division	<b>→</b> 0+	→T←
	and proceed to step8.	ZERO	TARE
	MODE keyThe key not to change the division		<u> 3000                                  </u>
	and proceed to step8.		Maximum capacity
Ct 0	On a life of the second of the state of	Cingle	- Step 6,9
Step 8		Single range	
	keyThe key to select a figure.		
	keyThe key to select a number.	MODE	
Step 9	Specify the weighing range.	rAnGE / I	
Olop o	MODE keyThe key to use dual weighing	S PR	
	range and proceed to step10.	r Anl	7E 3 ] [ E 37]
	keyThe key to store the value as		
	triple range and proceed to	Triple range	MODE 🧇
	step10.		<u>-A-GE 2</u>
	From last page, B		Dual range
		A Commence of the Commence of	(market
	14		
		(A	L O
Step10	[RL []] is displayed. Perform zero calibration	To zero ca	
-	and span calibration from step7 at page 15.	and span	calibration



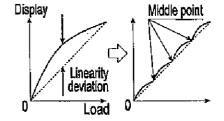
### 5.4. Digital Linearization Function

Even if the zero and span calibration have been completed, there may still remain some linearity deviation by the performance of the weighing unit. The digital linearization function can rectify and reduce the linearity deviation using weighing points during the zero and capacity setting. Up to three weighing points can be specified.

- Caution 

  This function does not improve repeatability and hysteresis.
  - □ Use the mass on the condition that Lor 1 < Lor 2 < Lor 3.
  - □ Do not press the while the MD mark is lit.

Middle point	Flash indication	
First Point	Lor 1	Net
Second Point	Lor 2	Gross
Third Point	Lor 3	Net and Gross

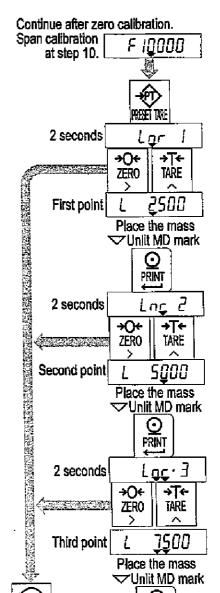


- Step 1 Zero calibration has been finished and  $\boxed{Fxxx}$  is displayed. (Start this procedure from step 10 of "5.2.7.Span Calibration")
- Step 2 Press the PRESELTARE key to enter this digital linearization function.
- Step 3 The value of the middle point is displayed after indicating  $[Lnc \times]$ . x is 1, 2 or 3.
- Step 4 Select a way.
  - Press the MODE key to finish this function. Proceed to step 7 and other points are cleared (canceled).
  - Select a middle point value using the following keys.
     Proceed to step 5.

> key...... The key to select a figure.

key..... The key to select a number.

- Step 5 Place a mass equivalent to the displaying value on the weighing unit. Press the key after the MD mark has turned off. Proceed to step 6.
- Step 6 If you add new middle point, proceed step 3, 4, 5. If you finish this function, proceed to step 7.
- Step 7 Perform step 10 of "5.2.7.Span Calibration" on page 16 immediately.



Return to span calibration

PRINT



### 5.5. Gravity Compensation Function

- a If the scale is used at the calibration location, it is not necessary to perform this function.
- It may cause a weighing error, if there is a difference of gravity acceleration between the installed location and calibration location. This function specifies these gravity accelerations and corrects span error.

Caution  $\Box$  The decimal point is not displayed in the function. Ex.  $\boxed{9798} = 9.798 \text{ m/s}^2$ 

Step 1 Press the CAL key in normal weighing mode. The

[RL in] is displayed for two seconds. Press the M+
key to enter the gravity compensation function.

If you want to cancel the current procedure, press and hold the NET/GROSS key and press the CAL key. Then, all parameters are not changed and the calibration mode is finished. Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off after displaying [Pan[EL]].

Step 2 The parameter Lixxx is displayed. Enter the gravity acceleration of the calibration location. The parameter xxxx is the gravity acceleration.

> key..... The key to select a figure.

hey .......... The key to select a number.

key..... The key to store the new gravity acceleration and proceed to step 3.

MODE key ...... The key not to change the value and proceed to step 3.

Step 3 The parameter [62 xxxx] is displayed. Enter the gravity acceleration of the installed location. The parameter xxxx is the gravity acceleration.

> key..... The key to select a figure.

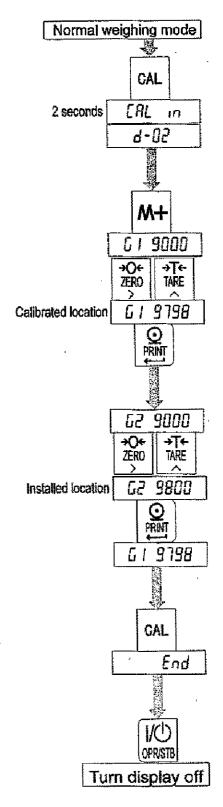
key..... The key to store the new gravity acceleration and proceed to step 4.

MODE key ...... The key not to change the value and proceed to step 4.

Step 4 Now <u>Fi xxxx</u> is displayed. Press the <u>CAL</u> key to store the parameters. The <u>End</u> is displayed. Proceed to step5.

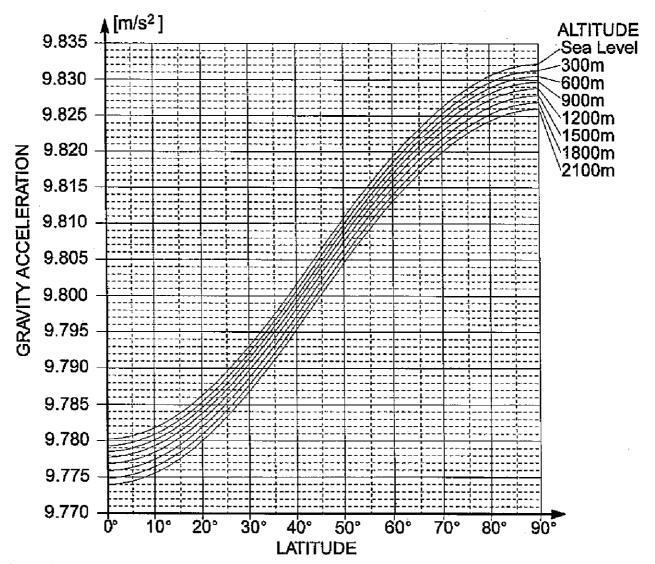
Step 5 Press the Operate/Standby key to turn display off.

AD-4329 Weighing Indicator Page 23



## 5.5.1. The Gravity Acceleration Table

Amsterdam	9.813 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Manila	9.784 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Athens	9.800 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Melbourne	9.800 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Auckland NZ			9.000 111/8"
	9.799 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Mexico City	9.779 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Bangkok	9.783 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Milan	9.806 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Birmingham	9.813 m/s <sup>2</sup>	New York	9.802 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Brussels	9.811 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Oslo	9.819 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Buenos Aires	9.797 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Ottawa	9.806 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Calcutta	9.788 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Paris	9.809 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Chicago	9.803 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Rio de Janeiro	9.788 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Copenhagen	9.815 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Rome	9.803 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Cyprus	9.797 m/s <sup>2</sup>	San Francisco	9.800 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Djakarta	9.781 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Singapore	9.781 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Frankfurt	9.810 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Stockholm	9.818 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Glasgow	9.816 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Sydney	9.797 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Havana	9.788 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Tainan	9.788 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Helsinki	9.819 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Taipei	9.790 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Kuwait	9.793 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Tokyo	9.798 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Lisbon	9.801 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Vancouver, BC	9.809 m/s <sup>2</sup>
London (Greenwich)	9.812 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Washington DC	9.801 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Los Angeles	9.796 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Wellington NZ	9.803 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Madrid	9.800 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Zurich	9.807 m/s <sup>2</sup>





### 5.6. Calibration Error Code List

### Exiting from the calibration error

MODE key. The key to return the point occurred an error. Retry the operation.

Press and hold the NET/GROSS key and press the CAL key

All parameters are not changed, the [Ralet] is displayed and the calibration mode is finished.

#### **Error Code List**

If an error has occurred during calibration mode, the following code is displayed.

Error code	Description
Err 0	In multi-interval scale. The last division is set to maximum ( $d-50$ ). Therefore the next division can not be entered.
Err 1	Resolution exceeds 10000. (Resolution = maximum capacity/ minimum division)  Reduce maximum capacity or increase minimum division.
Err 2 Err 3	Load cell output is too large or too small at zero calibration. Check the weighing unit and load cell. Refer to "3.1.4.Verifying Load Cell Output and Input Sensitivity".
£ ۲	Measuring calibration mass (or entering digital input), the value exceeded maximum capacity. Reduce calibration mass (or digital input).
Err S	Selected calibration mass is smaller than minimum division.
Err S	New input sensitivity is less than $0.2 \mu\text{V/division}$ . Increase input sensitivity. Refer to "3.1.4.Verifying Load Cell Output and Input Sensitivity".
Err 7	Placing mass on the weighing unit, the load cell output becomes a negative value. Check the load cell cable connections and the direction of load cell mounting.
Err 8	Load cell output exceeds the input range before maximum capacity.  Adjust zero balance referring to "3.1.4. Verifying Load Cell Output and Input Sensitivity". Replace with a load cell designed smaller output. Reduce maximum capacity.
Err 9	The weighed value is out of the input range at zero calibration or span calibration. Check the weighing unit and cables.
Err 12	The last weighing range is larger than next weighing range.
Err 13	Incorrect mass is selected at the digital linearization function. Select mass of the following relation. Let $1 < Let \ 2 < Let \ 3$ .
G Err	An unacceptable value was selected in the gravity acceleration function.  Exit this error using the Operate/Standby key.



### 6. Functions

There are two parameters list for the F-functions and CF-functions. These functions control the indicator. The parameters of each function are stored in the EEPROM, and are not lost even if the AC power supply is disconnected.

F-functions:

These parameters can always be changed and are used for

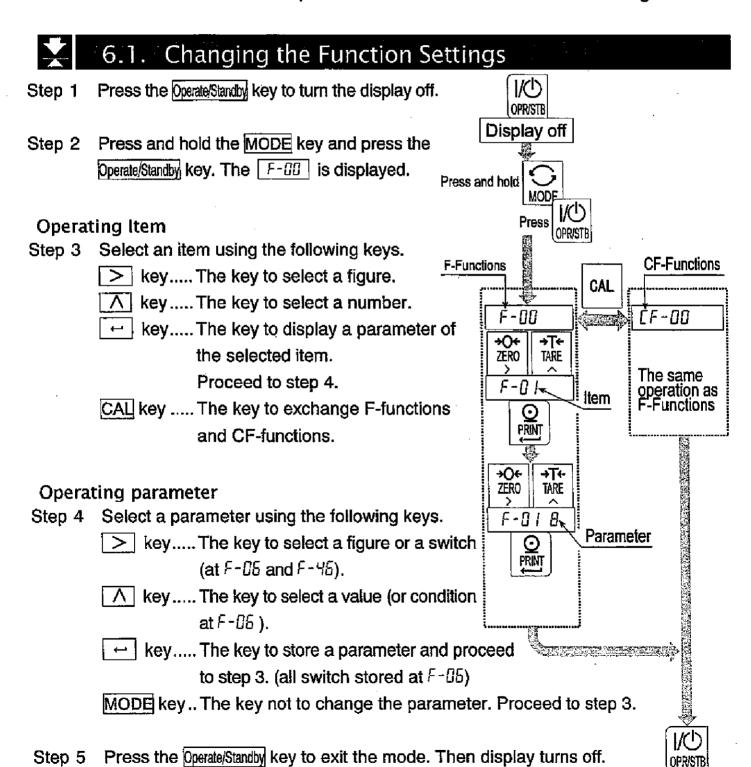
internal settings.

**CF-functions:** 

If you accept a certificated approval of the weighing instruments,

the CAL cover must be sealed. Therfore, accepting this approval,

these parameters of the CF-function can not be changed.



Display off



## 6.2. F-Functions

Digital Filter

Digital Filter Item	Parameter	Description	
	- O	2 d/ 1.6s	
		4 d/ 1.6s	
	2	8 d/ 1.6s	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
	3	16 d/ 1.6s	
	4	32 d/ 1.6s	
F-00	5	64 d/ 1.6s	If weak filter is set, the
Filter	5	128 d/ 1.6s	response will be fast, but will be
Motion / Averaging	7	2 d/ 3.2s	more sensitive to external
time	* 🖁	4 d/ 3.2s	influences such as vibration.
	9	8 d/ 3.2s	
	10	16 d/ 3.2s	
	11	32 d/ 3.2s	
	12	64 d/ 3.2s	
	13	128 d/ 3.2s	
	0	OFF	This for the house the
	1	0.5 d/ 1s	This function traces the
1	2	1.0 d/ 1s	weighing value drifting around
	3	1.5 d/ 1s	zero point slowly, displayed as
   c	4	2.0 d/ 1s	zero. If a strong parameter is set, a very small zero drift may
F-0	5	2.5 d/ 1s	be not detected.
Zero tracking	5	0.5 d/ 2s	If $EF-B3$ is 1, the $B$ , 1, $B$ or $B$
	7	1.0 d/ 2s	can be selected only.
	*8	1.5 d/ 2s	If EF-03 is 1, the initial setting
	9	2.0 d/ 2s	sets 7.
	10	2.5 d/ 2s	
	ß	No motion detection	The function to eat the
	1	0.5 d/ 0.5s	The function to set the condition of judgment whether
	2	1.0 d/ 0.5s	
F-02	3	2.0 d/ 0.5s	a weighing value is unstable or stable. The ZERO key and
	<b>박</b>	3.0 d/ 0.5s	TARE key has effective in the
MD mark	5	4.0 d/ 0.5s	stable state. If these keys need
Motion detection condition	5	0.5 d/ 1s	in the unstable state, set to F-
	7	1.0 d/ 1s	= 02 0. In case of $[F-03]$ 1, $F-02$
	*8	2.0 d/ 1s	= 5 or $F$ -02 7 can be selected
	9	3.0 d/ 1s	only. (Internal setting is 5.)
	10	4.0 d/ 1s	July: (morries doming to al)

d: division (weighing interval) of first range.

s: second.

<sup>\*:</sup> factory settings (Initial settings).

Display

Item	Parameter	Description		
F-03	*:	10 times/s	The selection in the unstable	
Display update rate		5 times/s	condition.	
	* []	Manual + only		
F-04	ř	Manual +/-	The selection for the way of	
Accumulation Mode	2	Automatic + only	adding data and kind of data.	
	3	Automatic + / -		
	0	Add data anytime		
F-05	* !	Above ±5 d	The extension of the bull (1)	
Inhibit region for	2	Above ±10 d	The selection of the inhibit	
accumulation	3	Above ±20 d	region for accumulation	
F-⊞5 Disabling keys	/ ON  ☐ Pre  ☐ M+  Y Mo  S Nei  ☐ Zer  7 Tar	* C enable	A key is selected by the left parameter  A key condition is selected by the right parameter: When specifying 1 at the right parameter, this key does not work.  Use the function to avoid misoperation of 8 keys on the front panel without CAL key.	

External Input

ltem	Parameter	Description	
	* []	Not used (No function)	
	j	Zero key	
	2	Tare key	
•	3	Print key, ← key	
F- 10	4	Operate/Standby key	
EXT1	5	M+ key	
Function selection of	5	Net/Gross key	
external input	7 Mode key		
	8	Gross display when shorting terminal.	
	9	Accumulation data display when shorting terminal.	
•	10	Over signal. Gross over and display data are output.	
	11	All keys are enable when shorting terminal.	
F- []			
EXT2	The same as F- IB		
E-15	The name of a 10		
EXT3	The same as F - 10		

F- 13 EXT4	The same as F - 10	
F- 14 EXT5	The same as F - 10	
F- 15 EXT6	The same as F - 10	
F- 15 EXT7	The same as F- ID	·

d: division (weighing interval) of first range.

\*: factory settings (Initial settings).

s: second.

Comparator

ltem	Parameter	Description	
F-20	* 0	Not used	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Comparator function		Upper/lower limit comparison. Set F-21, too.	
Comparator function	2	Setpoint comparison	
	* 🖸	All data, always	
F-21	1	Stable data	
Comparator mode.	5	Data exceeding +5d	When F-20 is 1,
Condition to compare	3	Stable data exceeding +5d	F-2 / is effective.
data.	ų	Data exceeding -5d to +5d	
<del></del>	5	Stable data exceeding -5d to +5d	

**Standard Serial Output** 

Item ,	Parameter	Descrip	tion		
	* []	Displayed data			
F-30		Gross data			
Output Data	2	Net data	-		
Output Data	3	Tare value			
	ч	Gross data / Net data / Tare va	Gross data / Net data / Tare value		
F-31	* []	Stream mode			
Output modé	<u></u> ;	Auto print mode			
<u> </u>	2	Manual print mode			
F-32	* []	Positive data only			
Auto-print condition		Positive and negative data			
F-33	* []	Not used	In case of F-∃ I 0, the		
Delay for continual data	1	Approximately 2 seconds	F-33 is ineffective.		
F-34 0		600 bps			
Baud rate		1200 bps			
badd rate *?		2400 bps			

bps: bit per second.

d: division (weighing interval) of first range.

\*: factory settings (Initial settings).

### RS-232C Interface

ltem	Parameter	Description			
	* []	Displayed data			
F-40	1	Gross data			
	2	Net data			
Output Data	3	Tare value			
	4	Gross data / Net data / Tare value			
	* []	Stream mode			
F-4 / Output mode	1	Auto print mode			
	. 2	Manual print mode			
	3	Command mode (no address)			
	4	Command mode with address			
F-45	* 0	Positive data only			
Auto-print condition		Positive and negative data			
F-43	* []	Not used	In case of F-4 / 🗓 , the		
Delay for continual data		Approximately 2 seconds	F-43 is ineffective.		
		600 bps			
   F-44	1	1200bps			
Baud rate	* 2	2400bps			
	3	4800bps			
	4	9600bps			
F-45	* []	Format 1	Refer to "12.1.2.Data Format"		
Data format		Format 2	Tion to TETTE Data to Milat		
F-48	00 to	Factory setting is 00.			
Address	99	When F-41 4 is not selected, F-45 is ineffective.			

bps: bit per second.

\*: factory settings (Initial settings).

#### Description of "Stream Mode"

Object

F-3:0, F-4:0

Operation

Data is output in every sampling (when refreshing the display).

Use this mode to output data to an external display (Data may not be output due to timing of the baud rate and internal sampling rate). If data is printed with pressing the PRINT key on the printer, use the stream mode.

#### Description of "Auto Print Mode"

Object

E-311, F-411

Operation

When weighing data varies from the "inhibition region of output" to the "permission region of output", the stable data is just output once. If you use this mode, set  $F - \Omega P$  except  $P = \Omega P$ 

- When weighing (and removing) each object and printing the data, use this mode.
- In case of  $\boxed{F-32}$  or,  $\boxed{F-42}$

-5d ≤ "inhibition region of output" ≤ +5d.

"Permission region of output" < -5d, +5d < "permission region of output".

d: division (weighing interval) of first range.

### Description of "Manual Print"

Object

F-312, F-412

Operation

When pressing the PRINT key, the stable weighing data is just output once

### Description of "Delay for continual data"

Object

F-33, F-43

Operation

This function can be used in the "Auto print mode" and "Manual print mode" When using a non-buffered printer like the AD-8121, set to  $\boxed{F-33}$  and  $\boxed{F-43}$ 



## 6.3. CF-Functions

İtem	Parameter	Description			
	B	None Example: 12345			
CF-00	*	First figure Example: 1234.5			
Decimal point position	5	Second figure Example: 123.45			
	3	Third figure Example: 12.345			
	* []	kg			
CF-01	1	t			
Weighing unit	2	lb			
<u> </u>	3	b/kg alternately			
CF-02	* []	±2% of CAP, Tare limit is 100 % CAP			
Zero range	1	±10% of CAP, Tare limit is 100 % CAP			
Turning display on, the		±3% of CAP, Tare limit is 50 % CAP			
range to zero display.	3	±4% of CAP, Tare limit is 50 % CAP			
CF-03	* []	No limitation			
Zero track width, motion					
detection condition	1	Use limitation at $F-B+B+B+A+A+A+A+A+A+A+A+A+A+A+A+A+A+A+A+A$			
[F-04		Gross when displaying gross.			
Zero tracking	*2	Gross			
[F-05	* []	Gross or Net when displaying net.			
Power-on zero	, U	Not to zero when turning display on.			
EF-05	* []	To zero when turning display on.			
		To permit preset tare.			
To inhibit preset tare	* []	To inhibit preset tare. (Ineffective preset tare key) According to F-30, F-40.			
[F-07	-	Using preset tare value and output net, a tare value is			
Data output of tare	1	output on manual mode or auto print mode (In $\mathcal{E}F-\mathcal{U}B \mathcal{Z}$ ,			
Bata balpar or tare	'	a tare value is output at all mode except command).			
CF-08		Not to output data at unstable value or over load.			
Output on over load and	* 0	It is effective in key mode.			
unstable state.	1	To output data always.			
	*0	Gross Net Tare Preset tare			
[F-09		* GS NT TR PT			
Header 2		GS NT TR PT			
Tieadel 2	5	G N T PT			
רר וח	* []	Two figures . (dot) Format 1 on standard			
[F - ID] Figure number of unit		Three figures (dot) serial data output and			
for format 1 and	2	Two figures (comma) RS-232C interface.			
decimal point	3	Three figures , (comma) Decimal point is effective at format 1 and 2.			
[F-1]	* []	Not used (Ineffective)			
Accumulation function	7	Use (Effective)			
Accumulation fulletion	<u> </u>	OSE (Ellective)			

CAP: maximum capacity



### 7. Tare

- The function is used to display a net value with the container weight subtracted from the total weight, if you put an object into a container to weigh it.
- There are two methods for the "weighing tare weight" and "digital input of tare weight".
- u Using the RS-232C interface, you can perform digital input from external equipment.

Caution  $\Box$  When turning the display off with  $\mathcal{L}F$ - $\mathcal{U}S$  I, the tare value is cleared.

When turning the power off, the tare value is cleared.

### 7.1.1. Weighing Tare

Operation Put the tare on the weighing unit. Press the TARE key to store the tare weight after the MD mark turns off. The dispaly changes to net.

Caution u When displaying a negative gross value, tare can not be used.

#### 7.1.2. Digital Input

Caution u The input value is rounded off to the unit of division (weighing interval).

- $\Box$  In case of  $\mathbb{C}F$   $\mathbb{C}S$  /(power-on zero), the display value will be zeroed when turning the display on.
- When using a multi-interval scale, usable input range is the first range.
- $\Box$  In case of LF- $B\delta$  /(To inhibit preset tare), preset tare can not be used.

Step 1 Press the PRESET TARE key to display the stored tare value.

When tare is cleared or is not used, the value is zero.

Step 2 Enter a new tare value using the following keys.

key..... The key to select a figure.

\(\bar{\lambda}\) key....... The key to select a number.

key..... The key to store a new tare value.

The net is displayed.

### 7.1.3. Clearing Tare

- □ When pressing the TARE key while gross is zero, tare is cleared and gross is displayed.
- □ When zeroing with the ZERO key, tare is cleared.



## 8. Accumulation

The function accumulates weighing data and stores sum of weight and count of weighing. Data is stored in the EEPROM, and is not lost even if the AC power supply is disconnected.

### 8.1.1. Preparation and Specification

Set the following parameters to use the accumulation function.

- $\square$  Select [F-II] for the CF-function so that the accumulation function becomes effective.
- □ Specify the method of accumulation and data at F-84 of the F-function.
- $\Box$  Specify the inhibit range for accumulation at F B S of the F-function.

#### Selection of Accumulation Mode, F-04 of the F-function

- □ There are two methods of manual accumulation, with the M+ key operation and automatic accumulation.
- The accumulation data can select "positive data only" or "both polarity data".

Accumulation Mode	F-04	Data to accumulate
Manual accumulation mode	F-04 0	Positive data only
Manual accumulation mode	F-04 I	Both polarity data
Automotic accumulation mode	F-04 2	Positive data only
Automatic accumulation mode	F-04 3	Both polarity data

#### Accumulation Condition, F-05 of the F-function

- □ In case of manual accumulation mode, press the M+ key to accumulate weighing data when the MD mark turned off.
- Data can be accumulated after weighing value becomes to the "inhibition region of output". When connecting power cord and truning display on, the accumulation mode makes the same action.

Inhibition region for accumulation	F-05	Description
Add data anytime	F-05 0	Stable data can be used anytime
Above ±5 d	F-05 I	Factory setting
Above ±10 d	F-85 2	
Above ±20 d	F-05 3	
Above ±50 d	F-05 4	

### Caution $\Box$ Do not set to F - B5 B for the automatic accumulation mode

• If setting to F-BS=B, it may add the same data two times or more.

#### Limitation of Accumulation Count and Total

- The limitation of accumulation count is 999999.
   The limitation of total is ±999999 ignoring the decimal point.
- □ If exceeding these limitations, data is not accumulated.

  Example: Setting the decimal point to second a figure like "0.0", the limitation is "99999.9".

## 8.1.2. Display and Operation

#### Action of Accumulating Data

When accumulating data, the display blinks once.
 If storing accumulation data, the M+ mark is displayed.

Caution a This function can not accumulate different unit data. Specify a unit before use.

#### Display of Accumulation Data

- When setting to EF-II-I (Effective accumulation function) and pressing the MODE key, the  $\boxed{EoERE}$  is displayed and the total data is displayed with the M+ mark blinking. If the MODE key is pressed again, the weighing data is displayed.
- The total data can be output. Refer to "Output of Accumulation Data"
- u If "lb/kg" of EF-G+3 is selected, the display of "lb", "kg" and "total" is exchanged with the  $\widehat{\mathsf{MODE}}$  key in order.

#### Undoing the Accumulation Data

- The last weighing data can be deduced from the accumulation data unless new data is accumulated.
- Step 1 Press the MODE key to display Lotal and accumulation data.
- Step 2 Press and hold the M+ key more than 3 seconds. The display blinks once and the last accumulation data before accumulating last weighing data is displayed.

## Caution External input can not be used.

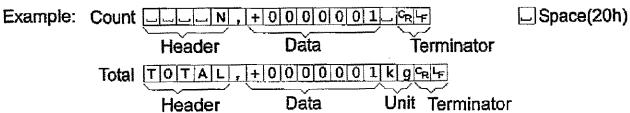
## Clearing the Accumulation Data

- Step 1 Press the MODE key to display Fotfit and accumulation data.
- Step 2 Press and hold the ZERO key more than 3 seconds. The display blinks once and the accumulation data is cleared.

## Caution External input can not be used.

## Output of Accumulation Data

- Accumulation data can be output to the standard serial output and RS-232C interface using the manual print mode.
- Step 1 Press the MODE key to display Lotal and accumulation data.
- Step 2 Pressing the PRINT key, the count and total of accumulation data are output in order.





# 9. Comparison

- This function has the "upper / lower comparison" and the "setpoint comparison". They compare the weighing data with preset parameters and can output the result of the comparison to the relay-outputs of OP-02.
- $\Box$  Set the F-function the F-20 and F-21 to use these comparisons.

#### Caution

- □ The result can only be output using relay-outputs, and is not displayed.
- The setpoint comparison can be used for normal batching, but can not be used for loss-in-weight.



# 9.1. Comparator Output Relay (OP-02)

□ This relay option outputs the result of comparison controlled by the F-function F - 2U (comparator function) and F - 2U (comparator mode).

#### **Specifications**

Maximum voltage

250V AC or 30V DC

Maximum current

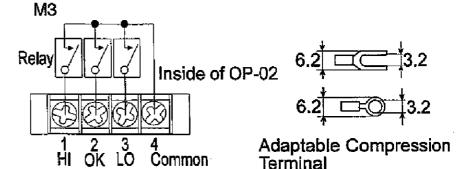
3A (resistive load)

Contact life

100,000 times (resistive load)

Adaptable terminal type

Circuit and pin layout





# 9.2. Upper/Lower Limit Comparison

- This function compares the weighing data with the upper limit value and lower limit value, and outputs the result to the three relays of HI, OK and LO. Use this comparison when judging whether a weight is proper.
- □ Set to the F-function F 2U + I to use this upper/lower limit comparison.
- $\Box$  Select a parameter of the F-function F 2I for the comprison condition.
- Specify the upper and lower limit values.
- □ When inputting the upper value and lower limit value, it is not necessary to input the F-function F 2U and F 2V again unless changing the F-function.

# 9.2.1. Selecting Upper/Lower Limit Comparison

- Step 1 Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off.

  Press and hold the MODE key and press the

  Operate/Standby key to enter the F-function mode.
- Step 2 Select  $\boxed{F-20}$  (upper/lower limit comparison).
- Step 3 Select comparison mode at F-21 using the following keys.

  A key ..... The key to select a parameter.

  key ..... The key to store the parameter.
- Step 4 Turn the display off using the Operate/Standby key.

# Reference

F-28 Comparator function

F-20 0	Not used
F-20 I	Upper/lower limit comparison.
8-20 Z	Setpoint comparison

#### F-∂ / Comparator mode

F-210	All data, Always
F-21 1	Stable data
F-212	Data exceeding +5d
F-213	Stable data exceeding +5d
F-21 4	Data exceeding -5d to +5d
F-215	Stable data exceeding -5d to +5d

# 9.2.2. Condition formula for Comparison

Comparison is performed based on the following formula.

State Name	Condition Formula		
HI (Over)	Upper limit value < Display value		
OK (GO)	Lower limit value ≦ Display value ≦ Upper limit value		
LO (Under)	Display value < Lower limit value		

- □ The decimal point is not considered. Example: If the upper limit value is 10.0, input 100.
- These parameters are stored in the EEPROM, and are not lost even if the AC power is disconnected.
- When the display value becomes an over load (positive over), HI (over) is outout. When the display value becomes an under load (negative over), LO (under) is output.
- The upper limit value and lower limit value can be set to a negative value.
- This function compares the upper limit value first.
- □ This function does not check the relation of upper limit value and lower limit value.

F-Function mode

F-20

Comparator function

Upper/lower limit comparison

Data exceeding +5D

Display off

Comparator mode

# 9.2.3. Setting Upper/Lower Limit Values

Step 1 Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off.

Step 2 Press and hold the PRINT key and press the Operate/Standby key to display . H r for two seconds.

Step 3 Set the upper limit value (HI) using the following keys.

> key..... The key to select a figure.

\text{\(\Lambda\)} key ..... The key to select a number.

+/- key..... The key to select plus or minus.

key..... The key to store the parameter and proceed to step 4.

MODE key.. The key not to change the parameter and proceed to step 4.

Step 4 Lo is displayed for two seconds.

Set the lower limit value (LO) using the same keys as step 3.

Step 5 Turn the dsiplay off using the Operate/Standby key.

# Display off Press and hold I/O Press OPR/STB 2seconds Net/B/G 5000 Upper limit value PRINT 2seconds Net/B/G **+**0+ **HETICPOSS** TARE ZERQ. 1000 Lower limit value Display off

I/(1)

## 9.2.4. Example

F-function:

F-20 / (Upper/lower limit comparison),

F-2 / 2 (Data exceeding +5d)

Upper linit value:

5000

Lower linit value:

1000

#### Result

Condition Formula	Range	HI (Over)	OK (GO)	LO (Under)
5000 < Display value	~ 5001	ON		OFF
1000 ≦ Display value ≦ 5000	5000 ~ 1000		ON	
5 < Display value < 1000	999 ~ 6			ON
Display value ≦5	5 ~	OFF		



# 9.3. Setpoint Comparison

- This function includes the weighing sequence and uses for getting preset target weight.
- There are four parameters of "Final", "Preliminary", "Free fall" and "Zero band" to use the setpoint comparison.
- □ The result of the sequence is output to three relays.
- □ When inputting these parameters, it is not necessary to input the F-function F 2B again unless changing the F-function.

Caution 

This function is normal batching only and can not perform loss-in-weight.

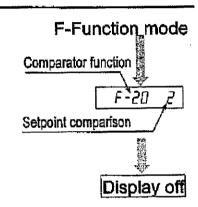
## 9.3.1. Selecting Setpoint Comparison

Step 1 Press the Operate/Standby key to turn display off.

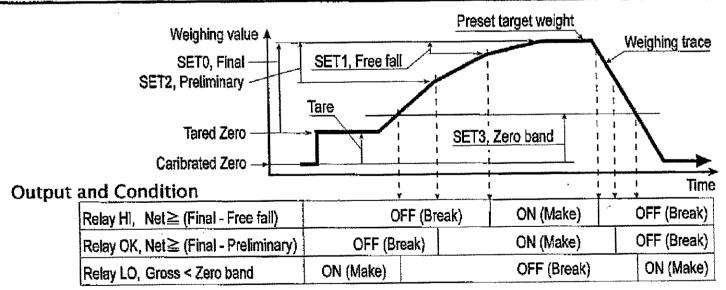
Press and hold the MODE key and press the Operate/Standby key to enter the F-function mode.

Step 2 Select  $\boxed{F-20/2}$  (setpoint comparison).

Step 3 Turn the display off using the Operate/Standby key.



# 9.3.2. Description of Input parameters and Outputs



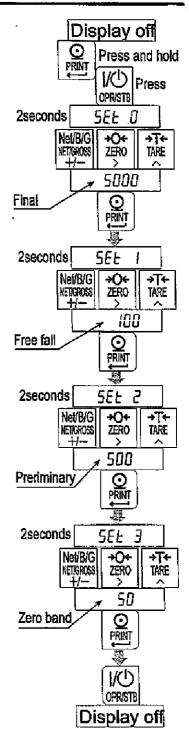
#### Parameters List

SET0		Set a preset target weight.
SET1	Free fall	Set a corrective value related to closing the dribble flow gate.
SET2	Preliminary	Set a begining point to use the dribble flow gate only.
SET3	Zero band	Set a value to regard as nearly zero.

# 9.3.3. Setting the Parameters of Setpoint Comparison

- Step 1 Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off.
- Step 2 Press and hold the PRINT key and press the Operate/Standby key to display . SEE 0 for two seconds.
- Step 3 Set the "Final" using the following keys.
  - key..... The key to select a figure.
  - key ..... The key to select a number.
  - +/- key..... The key to select plus or minus.
  - key..... The key to store the parameter and proceed to next step.
  - MODE key.. The key not to change the parameter and proceed to next step.
- Step 4 <u>5££ !</u> is displayed for two seconds. Set the "Free fall" using the same keys as step3.
- Step 5 5££ 2 is displayed for two seconds.

  Set the "Preliminary" using the same keys as step3.
- Step 6 <u>5£Ł 3</u> is displayed for two seconds. Set the "Zero band" using the same keys as step3.
- Step 7 Turn the display off using the Operate/Standby key.

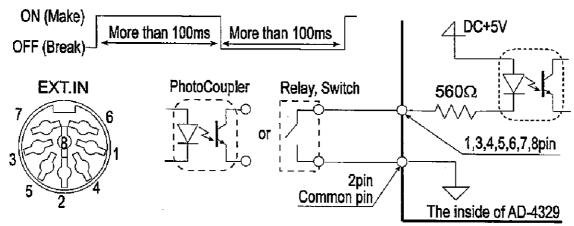




# 10. External Control Input

- □ The connector "EXT.IN" can be used to control the indicator from an external terminal like a front panel key operation.
- □ Set the external control function at  $F = ID \sim F = IT$  of the F-Function.
- When shorting each function pin and common pin, the indicator makes the action.

# Caution 🏻 🗈 Keep a signal width more than 100 ms for the On-time and Off-time.

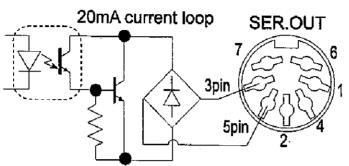


Pin No.	F-Function	Parameter	Description				
,		0	Not used (No function)				
		- 1	Zero key				
		2	Tare key				
		3					
		4	시 Operate/Standby key				
1 pin	F-10	5	M+ key				
, b	EXT1	Б	Net/Gross key				
	-	7	Mode key				
		8	Gross display when shorting terminal.				
		9	Accumulation data display when shorting terminal.				
		10	Over signal. Gross over and display data are output.				
ļ		11	All keys are enable when shorting terminal.				
2 pin		Common pin for EXT1 ~ EXT7.					
3 pin	F-11 EXT2	The same as F - ID					
4 pin	F - 12 EXT3	The same as F - ID					
5 pin	F - 13 EXT4	The same as F - 10					
6 pin	F - 14 EXT5	The same as F - 10					
7 pin	F- 15 EXT6	The same as F - ID					
8 pin	۶- /۵ EXT7	The same as F - ID					
Case	1	Shield.					



# 11. Standard Serial Data Output (SER.OUT)

- The standard serial data output can be used to output the data to an A&D printer and a display unit.
- Set the  $F-30 \sim F-34$  of the F-Functions to use this output.
- When using a non-buffered printer like the AD-8117, AD-8117A and AD-8121 etc, the printer can not receive data while printing. Therfore, set to F-33 / for the manual print mode or auto print mode.



Pin No.	Signal	
3 pin	Current leen	
5 pin	Current loop	
Other pins	Not used	
Case	Shield	

Inside of AD-4329

#### **Related Functions**

	F-Function	Description
	F-30 0	Displayed data
	F-30 I	Gross data
Output Data	F-30 2	Net data
	F-30 3	Tare value
	F-30 4	Gross data / Net data / Tare value

Output mode	F-Function	Description
Stream mode	F-310	Description of "Stream Mode" at page 31
Auto print mode	F-30	Description of "Auto Print Mode" at page 31
Manual print mode		When pressing the PRINT key each time, the data is output once.

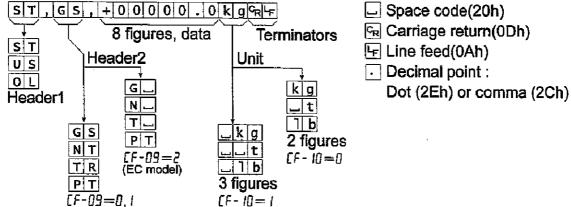
Auto-print condition	F-Function	Description
Positive data only F-32 0	"Inhibition region of output" ≤ +5d.	
	1 160	+5D < "permission region of output".
Positive and	F-32	-5d ≤ "inhibition region of output" ≤ +5d.
negative data	1-36 1	"Permission region of output" < -5d, +5d < "permission region of output".

	F-Function	Description
Delay for continual	F-33 D	Not used
data	F-33	Approximately 2 seconds
Baud rate	F-34	600 bps, 1200 bps, 2400 bps

	CF-Function	Description
CF-07	Data output of tare	
CF-08	Output on over load and unstable state.	Use or not used
	Format of Header	Selection of TR, PT, GS, NT, T, G and N
[F- 10	Figure number of unit, decimal point	Two figures or three figures, dot or comma

The data format of this SER.OUT is the same as the format 1 of the RS-232C interface.

Refer to "12.1.2. Data Fromat" of RS-232C interface at page 45, if you need details.



#### Header 1

- ST Stable weighing data.
- US <u>Uns</u>table weighing data.
- OL Overload (Out of range).

#### Header 2

GS or G. Gross data.

NT or Nu Net data

TR or T. Tare data.

PT Preset tare data.

#### Data

The first of the data bits is the polarity whether "+" or "-".

When data is zero, the polarity is "+".

Format is 8 figures (bits) including polarity and decimal point (dot or comma).

In case of "out of range", the data bits of format 1 are replaced by spaces except the decimal point.

In case of "out of range", the data bits of the format 2 are replaced by all 9's

#### Unit

Function  $\mathcal{E}_F - \mathcal{B}$  is used in common with RS-232C and standard serial data output. In case of  $\mathcal{E}_F - \mathcal{B}$  0 or  $\mathcal{E}$ , the unit length is 2 figures.

In case of LF - ID - I, or 3, the unit length is 3 figures. Depending on circumstances, an A&D printer may not work correctly.



# 12. RS-232C Interface

# 12.1.1. Specification

Transmission Asynchronous, bi-directional, half-duplex

Baud rate 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 bps

Data bits 7 bits

Parity bits 1 bit, Even

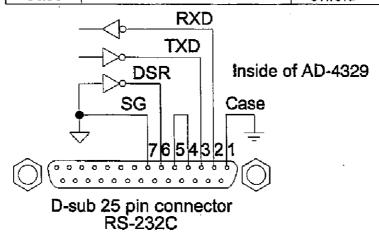
Start bit 1 bit
Stop bit 1 bit
Code ASCII

Terminator CR LF (CR: 0Dh, LF: 0Ah)

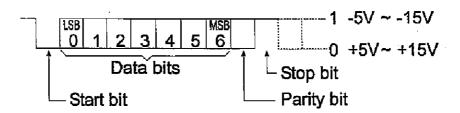
Connector D-sub 25 pin connector

#### Circuit and Pin Connection

Pin No.	Signal name	Direction	Description	
1	Case	-	- Shield	
2	RXD	Input	Received data	
3	TXD	Output	Transmit data	
4	RST		Din 4 is sonnested to pin E	
5	CTS	] -	Pin 4 is connected to pin 5	
6	DSR	Output Data set ready		
7	SG	_	Signal ground	
Other			Not used	
Case			Shield	

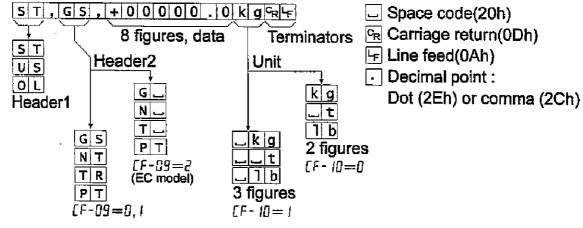






- □ There are two type of data format selected at F-Function F-45.
- The standard serial data output (SER.OUT) uses format 1.

## Format 1



# Format 2 +000000.00 Terminators

#### Header 1

ST Stable weighing data.

US <u>Uns</u>table weighing data.

OL Overload (Out of range).

#### Header 2

GS or G. Gross data.

NT or N\_ Net data

TR or T\_ Tare data.

PT Preset tare data.

#### Data

The first of the data bits is the polarity whether "+" or "-".

When data is zero, the polarity is "+".

Format 1 is 8 figures (bits) including polarity and decimal point(dot or comma).

Format 2 is 9 figures (bits) including polarity and decimal point(dot or comma).

In case of "out of range", the data bits of format 1 are replaced by spaces except the decimal point.

In case of "out of range", the data bits of the format 2 are replaced by all 9's

#### Unit

Function  $\mathit{LF}$  -  $\mathit{IG}$  is used in common with RS-232C and standard serial data output.

In case of  $LF - ID \ D$  or Z, the unit length is 2 figures.

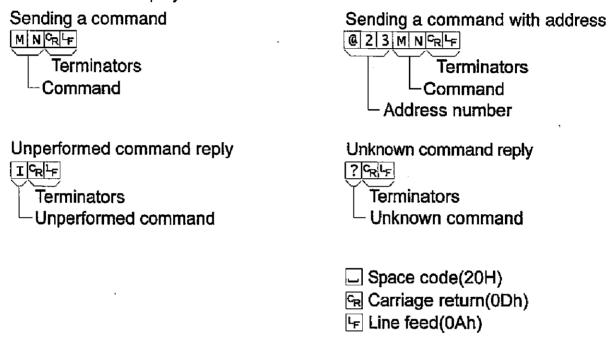
In case of £F-10 | or 3, the unit length is 3 figures. Depending on circumstances, an A&D printer may not work correctly.

## 12.1.3. Command Format

#### **Explanation of Command**

- □ When performing a command, the received command or replay data is sent back.
- When the received command can not be performed such as the "busy" state, the code " I " is sent back. In this case, insert a delay time. Electrical noise may be the cause of this error.
- When receiving an undefined command (unknown command), the code "?" is sent back.
- $\Box$  Optional addresses can be appened to a command. The form of address is "@address" and this address is two figures specified at F-Function F-4b.

Example: Command is "Display net value". Address is 23.



## 12.1.4. Command to Request Data

#### Request Data

When receiving this command, Display data is sent back immediately.

Templete RW

Command R W GR LF

Reply ST, GS, +00123.0kg GR L=

# 12.1.5. Commands to Control the Indicator

#### Zero Display

The current display is set to the zero point.

Templete ΜZ

Command MZCRLF

MZCRLF Repty

#### Tare

The current display is set to zero of the net value.

**Templete** MT

MTCRLF Command

M T CR LF Reply

#### Clear Tare Value

The tare value is cleared and the gross value is displayed.

Templete

CT

Command

CTGRLF

Reply

C T CR LF

#### **Display Gross Value**

The gross value is displayed.

Templete

MG

Command

MGCRLF

Reply

MGCRLF

#### Display Net Value

The net value is displayed.

Templete

MN

Command MN9R4F

Reply

MNCRLF

#### 12.1.6. Commands to Set Parameters

#### Set Preset Tare

The preset tare value is set. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete

PT, [value]

Command PT, +213cRLF

Reply

PT , + 2 1 3 CR LF

#### Set Upper Limit Value

Set the upper limit value of the upper/lower limit comparison. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete

HI, [value]

Command | H I , + 5 0 0 0 0 % LF

Reply

HI, +50000%4

#### Set Lower Limit Value

Set the lower limit value of the upper/lower limit comparison. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete

LO, [value]

Command LO, - 5 6 0 % 4

Reply

LO, - 560984

#### **Set Final Value**

Set the final value of the setpoint comparison. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete

S0, [value]

Command S 0 , + 7 0 0 0 0 cR LF

Reply

S 0 , + 7 0 0 0 % 4

#### Set Free Fall Value

Set the free fall value of the setpoint comparison. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete

\$1, [value]

Command **S1**, + 160 % +

Reply

S 1 , + 160 % 4

## Set Preliminary Value

Set the preliminary value of the setpoint comparison. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete

S2, [ value ]

Command **\$ 2**, + **8 5 0 C**<sub>R</sub> **L**<sub>F</sub>

Reply

S 2 , + 8 5 0 CR LF

#### Set Zero band

Set the zero band value of the setpoint comparison. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete S3, [value]

Command **S 3 , + 7 4 8 9 F** 

Reply 5 3 , + 7 4 8 c<sub>R</sub> L<sub>F</sub>

# 12.1.7. Related Functions

	F-Function	Description	
	F-40 0	Displayed data	
	F-40 I	Gross data	
Output Data	F-40 2	Net data	
	F-40 3	Tare value	
	F-40 4	Gross data / Net data / Tare value	

Output mode F-Function		Description		
Stream mode F-411		Description of "Stream Mode" at page 31		
Auto print mode	F-40	Description of "Auto Print Mode" at page 31		
Manual print mode   F-40 ≥		When pressing the PRINT key each time, the data is output once.		
Command mode (no address)	F-40 3			
Command mode with address		Refer to "12.1.3.Command Format" of RS-232C interface.		

Auto-print condition	F-Function	Description		
Positive data only	C_UD N	"Inhibition region of output" ≤ +5d.		
T OSHIVE data offiy	ו פרוב נו	+5D < "permission region of output".		
Positive and F-42		-5d ≤ "inhibition region of output" ≤ +5d.		
negative data	ו פרידו	+5D < "permission region of output".		

	F-Function	Description
Delay for continual	F-43 0	Not used
data	F-43	Approximately 2 seconds
Baud rate	F-44	600 bps, 1200 bps, 2400 bps, 4800 bps, 9600 bps
Data format	F-45	Refer to "12.1.2.Data Format" of RS-232C interface.
F-45	00 to	Factory setting is 00.
Address	99	When F-41 4 is not selected, F-45 is ineffective.

	CF-Function	Description
[F-07	Data output of tare	
CF-08	Output on over load and unstable state.	Use or not used
[F-09	Format of Header	Selection of TR, PT, GS, NT, T, G and N
[F - 10	Figure number of unit, decimal point	Two figures or three figures, dot or comma
[F-11	Accumulation function	Effective or ineffective



# 13. Specifications

Analog Input and A/D Conversion

<u> </u>			
Input sensitivity	Up to 0.2 μV/division		
Input signal range	-1 mV ~ 15 mV		
Load cell excitation voltage	5V DC ±5%, 120 mA with sense voltage input		
Load cell drive capacity	Maximum 8 x 350 Ω load cells		
Temperature coefficient			
Zero	±(0.2 μV + 0.0008 % of zero adjustment voltage)/C (typ.)		
Span	±0.0008%/C of reading (typ.)		
Non-Linearity	0.01 % of full scale		
Maximum input noise	Less than 0.4 μVp-p		
Input impedance	10 MΩ or more		
A/D conversion method	Integrating dual slope type		
A/D resolution count	40000 counts		
A/D conversion rate and	A		
display update rate	Approximately 10 times/s		
Maximum display resolution	10000 (permissible 20000)		

**Digital Section** 

Measurement display		7 segment, vacuum fluorescent display tube
	Character color	Cobalt-blue
	Character height 13 mm	
State	indicator	
	Symbol color	Cobalt-blue
	Symbol	Minus sign, Zero point, Motion detect, Gross, Net, Preset tare, Storing accumulation data
Unit		
	Character color	Green .
••	Unit	Kg, t, lb

#### Interface

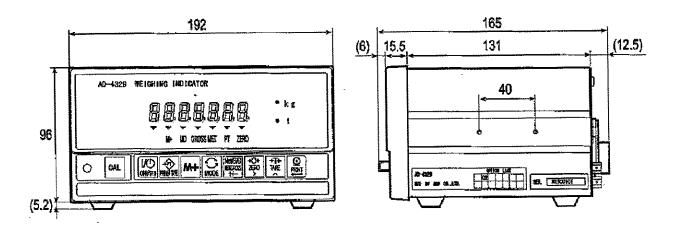
External Control Input	7 contact input terminals selected functions		
Standard serial data output	Exclusive output for A&D peripherals		
RS-232C interface	Serial interface for communication		
	3 point		
	Capacity: 250V AC, 30V DC, maximum current 3A (resistive load		
Relay output	Comparison mode selection		
	HI, GO, LO output for upper/lower limit comparison		
	Zero band, preliminary, free fall, final for setpoint comparison		

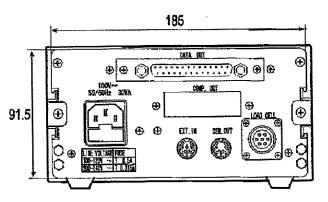
#### General

Power supply	Selection by internal connector from 100V AC, 120V AC, 200V AC and 220V AC to 240V AC, +10% to -15%, 45Hz to 65Hz		
Power consumption	Approximately 30VA		
Operation temperature	-10℃ to +40℃ (14°F to 104°F)		
Operation humidity	85% R.H. (no condensation)		
Mass	1.8 kg approximately		
Dimensions	192(W) x 96(H) x 165(D) mm		
Accessories	Refer to "4.1.4.Accessories and Option"		

# 日

# 13.1. Dimensions





# Panel Cutout Size 186 ½

# **MEMO**

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